the mortgage works

Tenant Demand Report

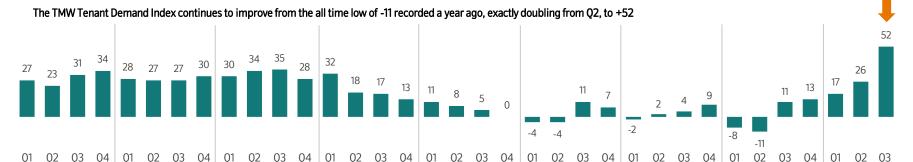
Q3 2021





Tenant Demand Report Q3 2021: Methodology

2016



2017

For many years, BVA BDRC have surveyed landlords about whether they see rental demand increasing, decreasing or staying the same in the areas that they let properties.

Landlords are asked the following question:

In your opinion what has happened to tenant demand in the last 3 months?

In Q3 2021, the results were:

2013

Increased significantly	30%
Increased slightly	28%
No change	20%
Decreased slightly	4%
Decreased significantly	1%
Unsure	17%

The **TMW Tenant Demand Index** is based on a simple calculation:

2018

Q3 2021 Tenant Demand Index	= +52
% landlords reporting tenant demand is decreasing slightly or significantly	1 + 4 = 5%
MINUS	
% landlords reporting tenant demand is growing significantly or slightly	30 + 28 = 57%*

*NOTE: Calculation accounts for rounding





Tenant Demand Report Q3 2021: Regional Analysis



In Q3 '21, 5 of the 11 standard regions in England & Wales achieve a TDI score above the UK average, which has doubled from +26 in Q2 '21, to +52.

Wales currently achieves the highest TDI score (+65), closely followed by the South West (+64). The other regions achieving an above average TDI score are the North West, West Midlands, South West and the South East.

The two London regions return to positive TDI scores (Outer London at +42 and Central London at +35), but are still some way below the UK average.

Outside of London, the East of England, North East and East Midlands record TDI scores that are below the national average in Q3 '21 (at +48, +44 and +35 respectively).

NOTE: Base size too small to report Scotland results separately

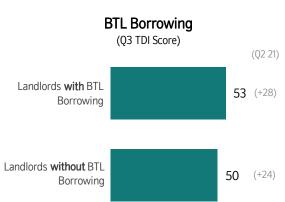




Tenant Demand Report Q3 2021







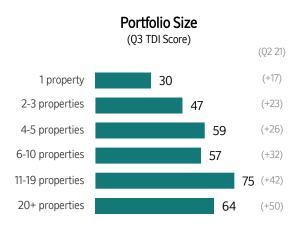
The TDI score for landlords both with and without BTL borrowing continues to improve significantly, up by a further +25 points and +26 points respectively vs. 02 '21.

Landlords with BTL borrowing continue to achieve a Tenant Demand Index score that is marginally above that recorded by those without borrowing (+53 vs. +50).



Landlords who break even from their lettings activity record the greatest uplift in TDI score this quarter, up +39 points to +48.

However, profitable landlords continue to achieve a higher TDI score at +52, after also recording a sizeable uplift in TDI Score vs. O2 '21 (+22 points).



Landlords with larger portfolios continue to achieve the most positive TDI scores. In Q3, landlords with 11-19 properties achieve the highest TDI score, at +75 (up a significant +33 points from Q2 '21).

However, landlords in the smaller portfolio size brackets also see notable improvements this quarter, with the TDI scores for landlords with 2 – 5 properties increasing by at least 20 points.

